§ 96.200

incorporated by reference into this subpart under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. To enforce any edition other than that specified in paragraph (b) of this section, the Coast Guard must publish notice of the change in the FEDERAL REGISTER and the material must be available to the public. You may inspect all material at the U.S. Coast Guard, Office of Design and Engineering Standards (G-MSE), 2100 Second St., SW., Washington, DC 20593-0001, or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA), and receive it from the source listed in paragraph (b) of this section. For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go http://www.archives.gov/ to:

federal_register/
code_of_federal_regulations/
ibr_locations.html.

(b) The material approved for incorporation by reference in this subpart and the sections affected are as follows:

American National Standards Institute (ANSI)-11 West 42nd St., New York, NY 10036.

ANSI/ASQC Q9001-1994, Quality Systems— Model for Quality Assurance in Design, Development, Production, Installation, and Servicing, 1994—96.430

International Maritime Organization IMO—4 Albert Embankment, London, SE1 7SR, United Kingdom.

Resolution A.741(18), International Management Code for the Safe Operation of Ships and for Pollution Prevention, November 4, 1993—96.220, 96.370

Resolution A.788 (19), Guidelines on Implementation of the International Safety Management (ISM) Code by Administrations, November 23, 1995—96.320, 96.440

Resolution A.739(18), Guidelines for the Authorization of Organizations Acting on Behalf of the Administration, November 4, 1993—96.440

[CGD 95-073, 62 FR 67506, Dec. 24, 1997, as amended at 69 FR 18803, Apr. 9, 2004]

Subpart B—Company and Vessel Safety Management Systems

§ 96.200 Purpose.

This subpart establishes the minimum standards that the safety management system of a company and its U.S. flag vessel(s) must meet for certification to comply with the requirements of 46 U.S.C. 3201–3205 and Chapter IX of SOLAS, 1974. It also permits

companies with U.S. flag vessels that are not required to comply with this part to voluntarily develop safety management systems which can be certificated to standards consistent with Chapter IX of SOLAS.

§ 96.210 Who does this subpart apply to?

- (a) This subpart applies—
- (1) To a responsible person who owns or operates a U.S. vessel(s) engaged on a foreign voyage which meet the conditions of paragraph (a)(2) of this section;
- (2) To all U.S. vessels engaged on a foreign voyage that are—
- (i) A vessel transporting more than 12 passengers; or
- (ii) A tanker, a bulk freight vessel, a freight vessel or a self-propelled mobile offshore drilling unit (MODU) of 500 gross tons or more; and
- (3) To all foreign vessels engaged on a foreign voyage, bound for ports or places under the jurisdiction of the U.S., and subject to Chapter IX of SOLAS.
 - (b) This subpart does not apply to—
 - (1) A barge;
- (2) A recreational vessel not engaged in commercial service;
 - (3) A fishing vessel;
- (4) A vessel operating only on the Great Lakes or its tributary and connecting waters; or
- (5) A public vessel, which includes a U.S. vessel of the National Defense Reserve Fleet owned by the U.S. Maritime Administration and operated in non-commercial service.
- (c) Any responsible person and their company who owns and operates a U.S. flag vessel(s) which does not meet the conditions of paragraph (a), may voluntarily meet the standards of this part and Chapter IX of SOLAS and have their safety management systems certificated.
- (d) The compliance date for the requirements of this part are—
 - (1) On or after July 1, 1998, for-
- (i) Vessels transporting more than 12 passengers engaged on a foreign voyage; or
- (ii) Tankers, bulk freight vessels, or high speed freight vessels of at least 500 gross tons or more, engaged on a foreign voyage.

Coast Guard, DHS § 96.250

(2) On or after July 1, 2002, for other freight vessels and self-propelled mobile offshore drilling units (MODUs) of at least 500 gross tons or more, engaged on a foreign voyage.

§ 96.220 What makes up a safety management system?

- (a) The safety management system must document the responsible person's—
- (1) Safety and pollution prevention policy;
- (2) Functional safety and operational requirements;
- (3) Recordkeeping responsibilities; and
 - (4) Reporting responsibilities.
- (b) A safety management system must also be consistent with the functional standards and performance elements of IMO Resolution A.741(18).

§ 96.230 What objectives must a safety management system meet?

The safety management system must:

- (a) Provide for safe practices in vessel operation and a safe work environment onboard the type of vessel the system is developed for;
- (b) Establish and implement safeguards against all identified risks;
- (c) Establish and implement actions to continuously improve safety management skills of personnel ashore and aboard vessels, including preparation for emergencies related to both safety and environmental protection; and
- (d) Ensure compliance with mandatory rules and regulations, taking into account relevant national and international regulations, standards, codes and maritime industry guidelines, when developing procedures and policies for the safety management system.

§ 96.240 What functional requirements must a safety management system meet?

The functional requirements of a safety management system must include—

- (a) A written statement from the responsible person stating the company's safety and environmental protection policy;
- (b) Instructions and procedures to provide direction for the safe operation of the vessel and protection of the environment in compliance with the applicable U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, and international conventions to which the U.S. is a party (SOLAS, MARPOL, etc.);
- (c) Documents showing the levels of authority and lines of communication between shoreside and shipboard personnel:
- (d) Procedures for reporting accidents, near accidents, and non-conformities with provisions of the company's and vessel's safety management system, and the ISM Code;
- (e) Procedures to prepare for and respond to emergency situations by shoreside and shipboard personnel;
- (f) Procedures for internal audits on the operation of the company and vessel(s) safety management system; and
- (g) Procedures and processes for management review of company internal audit reports and correction of nonconformities that are reported by these or other reports.

§ 96.250 What documents and reports must a safety management system

The documents and reports required for a safety management system under §96.330 or §96.340 must include the written documents and reports itemized in Table 96.250. These documents and reports must be available to the company's shore-based and vessel(s)-based personnel:

TABLE 96.250—SAFETY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM DOCUMENTS AND REPORTS

Type of documents and reports	Specific requirements
(a) Safety and environmental policy statements	(1) Meet the objectives of § 96.230; and (2) Are carried out and kept current at all levels of the company;